By: Representative Guice

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 709

1 AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 93-11-65, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, 2 TO REQUIRE PARENTS TO CONTRIBUTE CHILD SUPPORT IN PROPORTION TO 3 FINANCIAL ABILITY; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
SECTION 1. Section 93-11-65, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

7 93-11-65. In addition to the right to proceed under Section 93-5-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, and in addition to the remedy 8 9 of habeas corpus in proper cases, and other existing remedies, the chancery court of the proper county shall have jurisdiction to 10 entertain suits for the custody, care, support and maintenance of 11 minor children and to hear and determine all such matters, and 12 13 shall, if need be, require bond, sureties or other guarantee to secure any order for periodic payments for the maintenance or 14 support of a child. In the event a legally responsible parent has 15 health insurance available to him or her through an employer or 16 organization that may extend benefits to the dependents of such 17 parent, any order of support issued against such parent may 18 require him or her to exercise the option of additional coverage 19 20 in favor of such children as he or she is legally responsible to support. Proceedings may be brought by or against a resident or 21 nonresident of the State of Mississippi, whether or not having the 22 actual custody of minor children, for the purpose of judicially 23 determining the legal custody of a child. All actions herein 24 25 authorized may be brought in the county where the child is actually residing, or in the county of the residence of the party 26

H. B. No. 709 99\HR40\R1037 PAGE 1 27 who has actual custody, or of the residence of the defendant. Process shall be had upon the parties as provided by law for 28 process in person or by publication, if they be nonresidents of 29 30 the state or residents of another jurisdiction or are not found 31 therein after diligent search and inquiry or are unknown after 32 diligent search and inquiry; provided that the court or chancellor in vacation may fix a date in termtime or in vacation to which 33 34 process may be returnable and shall have power to proceed in termtime or vacation. Provided, however, that if the court shall 35 find that both parties are fit and proper persons to have custody 36 37 of the children, and that either party is able to adequately provide for the care and maintenance of the children, and that it 38 39 would be to the best interest and welfare of the children, then any such child who shall have reached his twelfth birthday shall 40 41 have the privilege of choosing the parent with whom he shall live. Provided further, that where the proof shows that both 42

43 parents have separate incomes or estates, the court <u>shall</u> require 44 that each parent contribute to the support and maintenance of the 45 children in proportion to the relative financial ability of each.

46 Whenever the court has ordered a party to make periodic payments for the maintenance or support of a child, but no bond, 47 48 sureties or other guarantee has been required to secure such payments, and whenever such payments as have become due remain 49 50 unpaid for a period of at least thirty (30) days, the court may, 51 upon petition of the person to whom such payments are owing, or such person's legal representative, enter an order requiring that 52 53 bond, sureties or other security be given by the person obligated to make such payments, the amount and sufficiency of which shall 54 55 be approved by the court. The obligor shall, as in other civil 56 actions, be served with process and shall be entitled to a hearing 57 in such case.

When a charge of abuse or neglect of a child first arises in the course of a custody or maintenance action pending in the chancery court pursuant to this section, the chancery court may proceed with the investigation, hearing and determination of such abuse or neglect charge as a part of its hearing and determination of the custody or maintenance issue as between the parents, as

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provided in Section 43-21-151, notwithstanding the other 64 provisions of the Youth Court Law. The proceedings in chancery 65 66 court on the abuse or neglect charge shall be confidential in the same manner as provided in youth court proceedings, and the 67 chancery court shall appoint a guardian ad litem in such cases, as 68 provided under Section 43-21-121 for youth court proceedings, who 69 70 shall be an attorney. Unless the chancery court's jurisdiction has been terminated, all disposition orders in such cases for 71 72 placement with the Department of Human Services shall be reviewed 73 by the court or designated authority at least annually to determine if continued placement with the department is in the 74 75 best interest of the child or the public.

The duty of support of a child terminates upon the emancipation of the child. The court may determine that emancipation has occurred and no other support obligation exists when the child:

80 (a) Attains the age of twenty-one (21) years, or81 (b) Marries, or

82 (c) Discontinues full-time enrollment in school and
83 obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
84 twenty-one (21) years, or

(d) Voluntarily moves from the home of the custodial
parent or guardian and establishes independent living arrangements
and obtains full-time employment prior to attaining the age of
twenty-one (21) years.

89 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 90 and after July 1, 1999.

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